In re Appln. Serial No.: 09/368,572

3 (Amended). A method for controlling the morphology of a plant, comprising:

transforming a plant with an isolated DNA molecule comprising a plant promoter ligated to a gene for controlling plant morphology, wherein the gene for controlling plant morphology is expressed from the plant promoter in a tissue-specific manner at a site and a stage required for reconstitution of plant cell wall xyloglucan and wherein the plant promoter has a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, or has a nucleotide sequence hybridizable to any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 and having the promoter activity in at least one of plants, plant cells or transgenic plants regenerated from the plant cells; and

obtaining a plant whose morphology is controlled.

5(Amended). A method for controlling transgenic plant morphology, comprising:

transforming a plant cell with an isolated DNA molecule comprising a plant promoter ligated to a gene for controlling plant morphology, wherein the gene for controlling plant morphology is expressed from the plant promoter in a tissue-specific manner at a site and a stage required for reconstitution of plant cell wall xyloglucan and wherein the

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546 D' plant promoter has a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, or has a nucleotide sequence hybridizable to any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 and having the promoter activity in at least one of plants, plant cells or transgenic plants regenerated from the plant cells;

regenerating a transgenic plant from the transformed plant cell; and

selecting a transgenic plant whose morphology is controlled.